

Hardware Design for a Reference Frame Compression Technique for Multiview Video Coding

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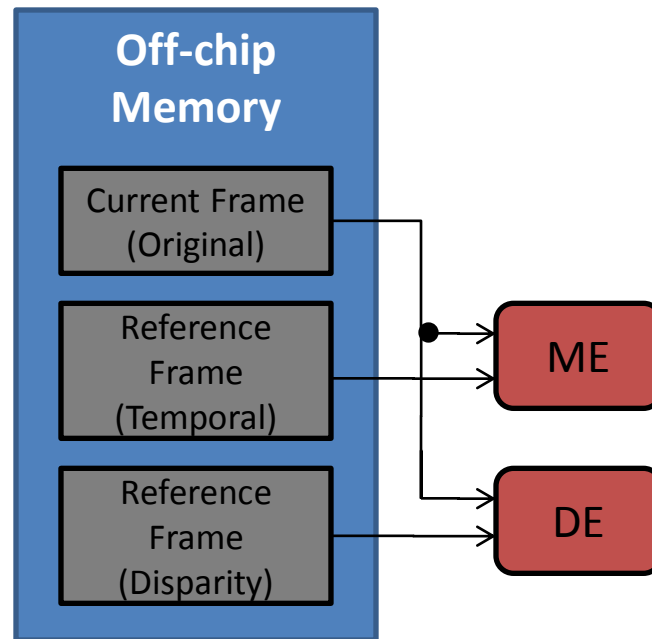
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Introduction

- 3D Applications
 - Multiple independent cameras record the same scene from different view points.
 - Same concept of multiview video coding.
- Multiview Video Coding Standardization
 - H.264/AVC Annex H (MVC Standard) in 2007
 - Provides 20-50% increased coding efficiency in comparison to the H.264/AVC.

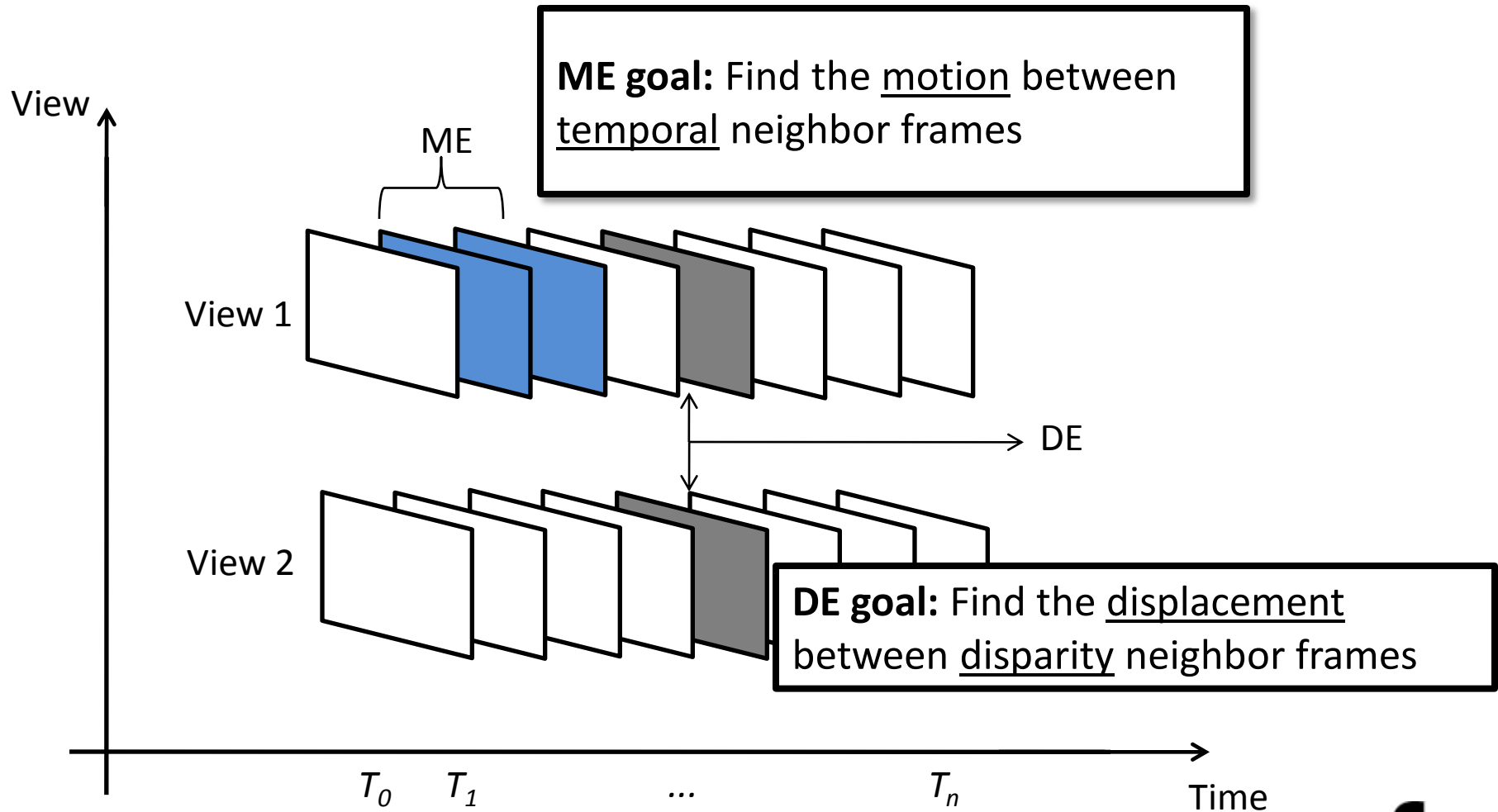
Problems

- **Off-chip Memory:** 90% of the ME/DE power consumption is related to the external and on-chip. (Zatt, 2011)



B. Zatt, M. Shafique, F. Sampaio, L. Agostini, S. Bampi, J. Henkel, "Run-time adaptive power-aware motion and disparity estimation in multiview video coding", **IEEE DAC**, pp. 1026-1031, 2011.

Motion and Disparity Estimation



Goals and Contributions

- **Goals:**

- Design of an hardware architecture for a reference frame compression algorithm.
- Reduce the memory traffic in the ME/DE on MVC encoders.
- Evaluation of performance and hardware utilization.

Reference Frame Compression Technique

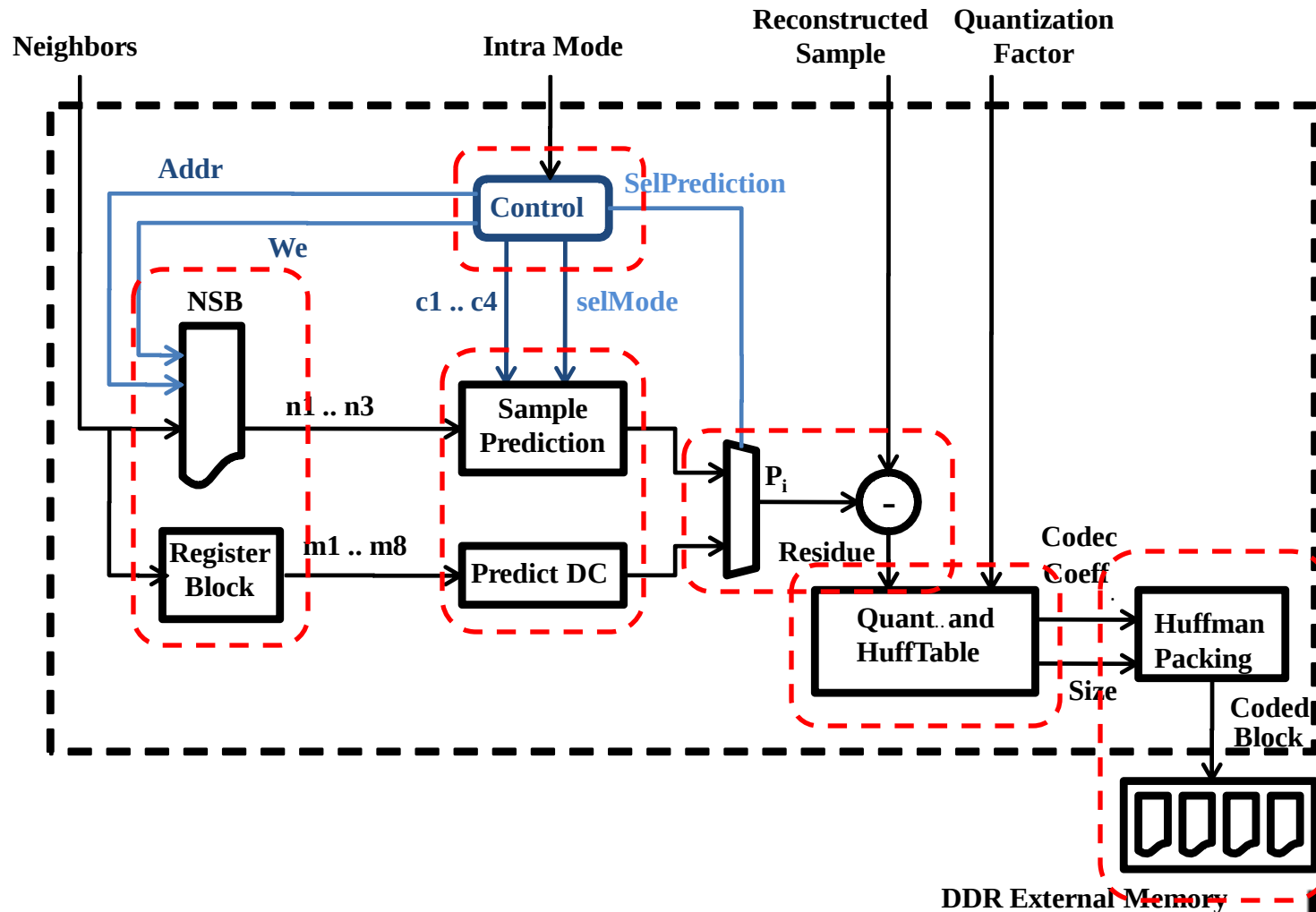
- The compression scheme is able to reduce the external memory accesses by up to 63%. (Sampaio, 2013)

Algorithm: Content-Adaptive Reference Frame Compression

```
1. // inputs: predModes[]: sixteen RDO MVC encoder intra prediction modes
2. //origBlock4x4[]: original 4x4 block samples
3. //reconBlock4x4[]: reconstructed 4x4 block samples
4. // outputs: codedBlock4x4[]: compressed bitstream to send to the DPB
5. function compressBlk4x4(predModes[ ], origBlock4x4[ ], reconBlock4x4[ ])
6.   codedBlock4x4  $\leftarrow$  0
7.   foreach reconSample, origSample in reconBlock4x4, origBlock4x4 loop
8.     predictSample  $\leftarrow$  intraPrediction(neighbors, predModes[reconSample])
9.     residueSample  $\leftarrow$  predictSample - reconSample
10.    quantizedSample  $\leftarrow$  quantization(residueSample)
11.    huffmanSample  $\leftarrow$  staticHuffman(quantizedSample, huffTable)
12.    codedSample  $\leftarrow$  packer(huffmanSample)
13.  end loop
14.  return codedBlock4x4
15. end function
```

Sampaio, F. "Energy-Efficient Memory Hierarchy for Motion and Disparity Estimation in Multiview Video Coding" (Dissertação). Universidade Federal do Rio Grande do Sul, Porto Alegre, 15 fev. 2013

Hardware Architecture



DDR External Memory

Neighbors Sample Buffer

- The thirteen neighbors required for the processing of one 4x4 block are stored in a memory.
- Each memory position is composed of three consecutive neighbors.
- Each memory position in the NSB occupies 24 bits (3 x 8bits).

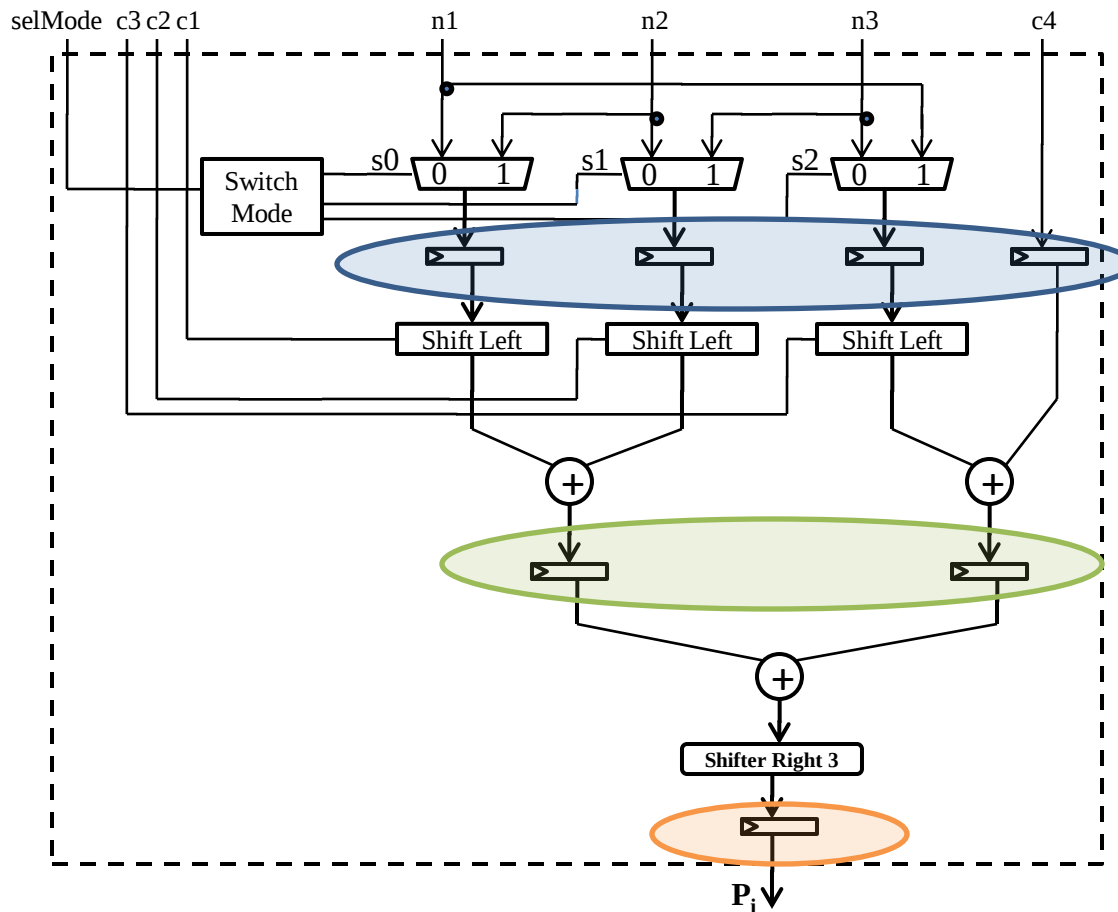
NSB	
0 0 0 0	LKJ
0 0 0 1	KJI
0 0 1 0	JIM
0 0 1 1	IMA
0 1 0 0	MAB
0 1 0 1	ABC
0 1 1 0	BCD
0 1 1 1	CDE
1 0 0 0	DEF
1 0 0 1	EFG
1 0 1 0	FGH

Neighbors Sample

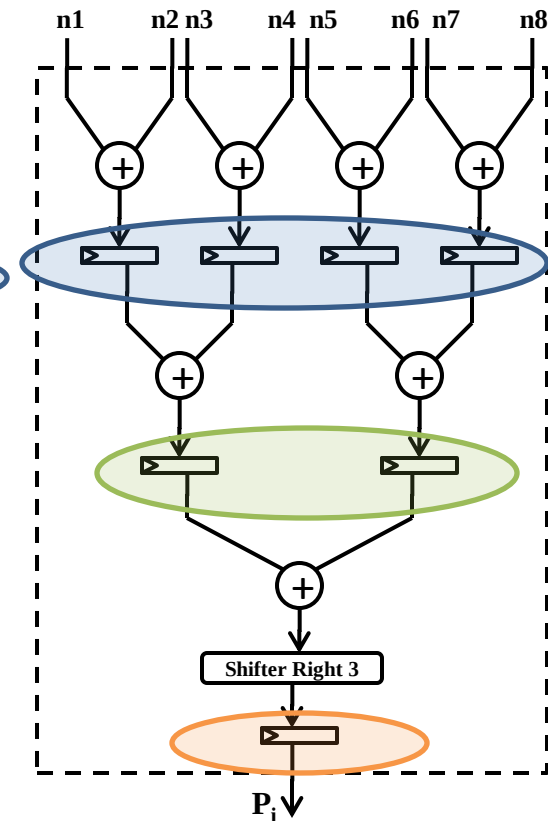
M	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
I								
J								
K								
L								

Sample Predictor

Sample Prediction

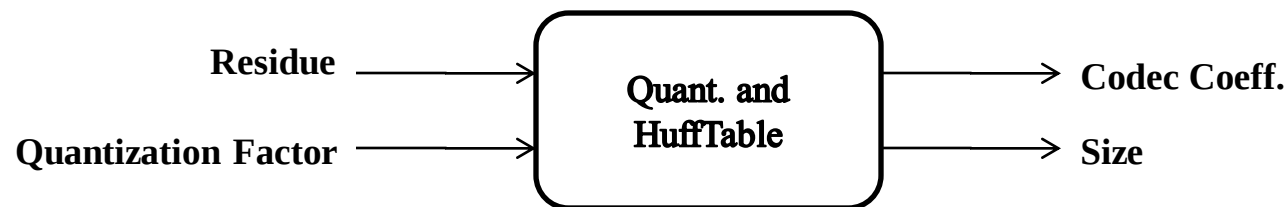


Prediction DC



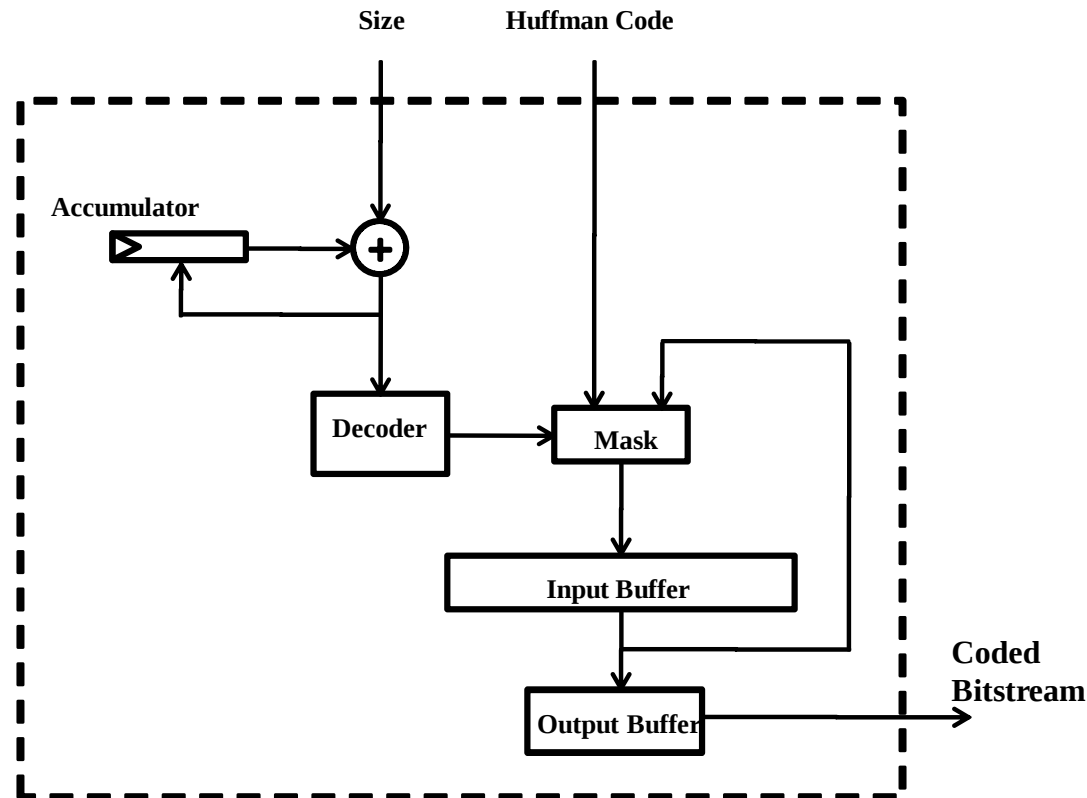
Quantize and Huffman Encoder

- Static Quantization and Huffman Encoder.
- The input code is relates with the fixed conversion table.
- The quantization and Huffman table was mapped to a memory.



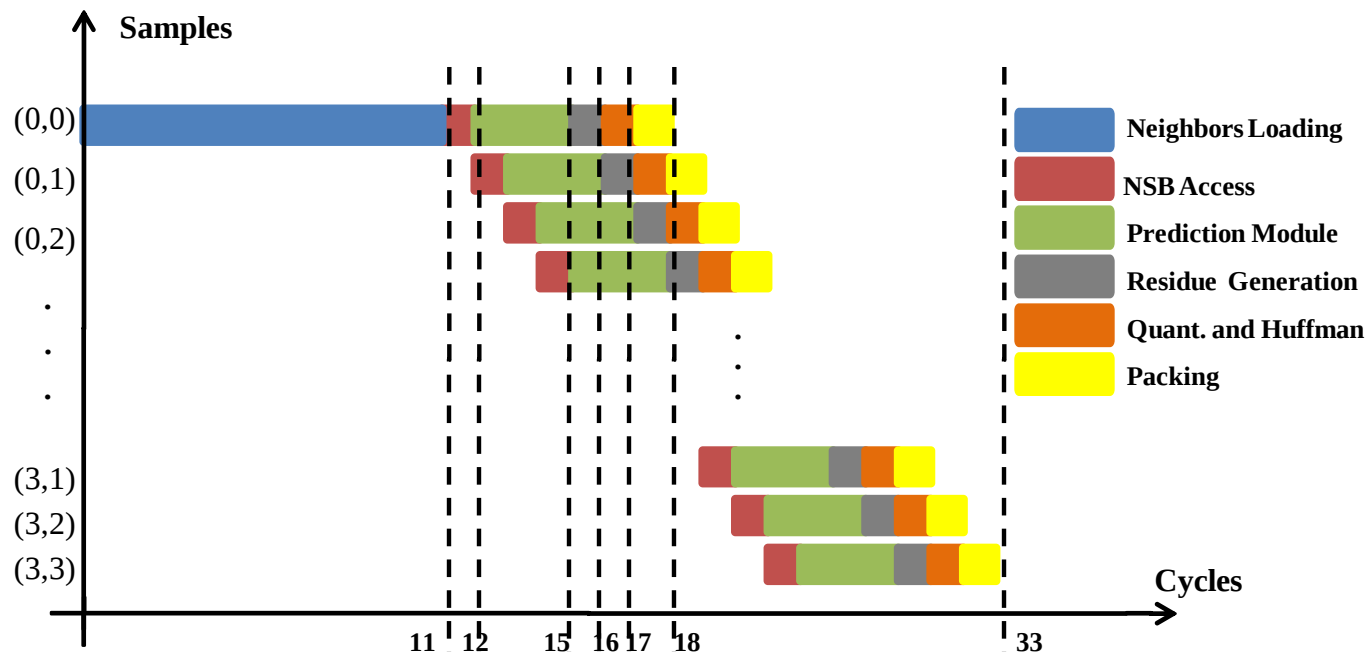
Packing

- Decoder module receives the number of valid bits on the Huffman code.
- The Mask module is responsible for packing these valid codes.
- The 16 most significant bits are sent to the output buffer.
- The rest of valid bits are sending to the Mask module and the process begins again.



Pipeline Schedule

- Pipeline schedule for the compression of one 4x4 block.



Results

- Target Device (FPGA): Virtex 5 Xilinx FPGA (xc5vlx30)
- Maximum Frequency of Operation: 372 MHz
- Architecture Performance Evaluation:

Logic Utilization Summary	
#LUTs	98 (1%)
#FFs	89
#Slice FFs	89
#BRAMs	1
Frequency[MHz]	372

Resolution	Frequency [MHz] for 30fps			Throughput [fps] @max. freq.		
	2-view	4-view	8-view	2-view	4-view	8-view
VGA	38	76	152	293	146	73
XGA	97	194	389	114	57	28
HD1080	256	513	1026	43	21	10

Conclusions

- Hardware architecture design for a reference frame compression technique for Motion and Disparity Estimation (ME/DE) on MVC.
- Achievements:
 - 2-view 1080p processing in real time (@30 fps)
 - Reduced off-chip memory bandwidth
 - Low impact of hardware (1%)

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Thank You!

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